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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/964,000	09/26/2001	William Younger Guess	3019		
7590 01/27/2004			EXAMINER		
William Younger Guess			BECKER, DREW E		
1144 Parlange Baton Rouge, LA 70806			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1761		
			DATE MAILED: 01/27/2004		

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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7	ſ	Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			000	GUESS, WILL	AM YOUNGER			
			er	Art Unit				
		Drew E		1761				
Period fo					address			
THE - External control	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI maisions of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this cor- e period for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum une to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three month ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION.  ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no- nmunication.  (30) days, a reply within the s statutory period will apply and ply will, by statute, cause the a s after the mailing date of this	event, however tatutory minimu will expire SIX	may a reply be timely filed  m of thirty (30) days will be considered  (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133)				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) f	iled on <u>19 November</u>	<u>2002</u> .					
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action is						
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	tion of Claims			•				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-19 and 21 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-19 and 21 is/are reject Claim(s) is/are objected to Claim(s) are subject to res	s/are withdrawn from e						
	tion Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.	. 📥					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Applicant may not request that any of	bjection to the drawing(	s) be held in	apeyance. See 37 CFR 1.05(	a). R7 CER 1 121(d)			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
		1 to by the Examiner.	Note the a	ttadired office / total or total	,			
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	in for foreign priority	under 25 l	1.5.C. 8.110(a) <sub>-</sub> (d) or (f)				
t 13)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a classical All b) Some * c) None of the prior 1. Certified copies of the prior 2. Certified copies of the prior 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the International See the attached detailed Office at Acknowledgment is made of a claim since a specific reference was inclusived as a comparison of the foreign the prior of	of: ity documents have to ity documents have to ity documents have to es of the priority documents at locational Bureau (PCT location for a list of the common for domestic priority uded in the first sente language provisiona	peen receive peen receive ments have Rule 17.2(a ertified cop y under 35 nce of the standard	ed.  ed in Application No e been received in this Nation)).  ies not received.  U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provise specification or in an Application has been received.	ional stage ional application) ation Data Sheet.			
14)	Acknowledgment is made of a clair reference was included in the first s	m for domestic priorit sentence of the speci	y under 35 fication or i	n an Application Data Shee	t. 37 CFR 1.78.			
Attachm	ent(s)				•			
1) No	tice of References Cited (PTO-892) tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revie	w (PTO-948)	5) 🔲 N	nterview Summary (PTO-413) Pap lotice of Informal Patent Applicatio	er No(s) n (PTO-152)			
3) 🔼 Inf	formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-144	3) rapel (NO(3)	ح. ال ال					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
   The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1-19 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. Claim 1 recites a "longitudinal slit-like aperture". It is not clear whether the aperture is located along the side of the food, or on the end of the food.
- 4. Claim 1 recites "encasing as a core element". It is not clear what the "core element" is.
- 5. Claim 10 recites "encasing as a core element" and "to receive therein". It is not clear what the "core element" is.
- 6. Claim 13 recites "encasing as a core element". It is not clear what the "core element" is.
- 7. Claim 13 recites "its". It is not clear what "it" is.
- 8. Claim 13 recites a "longitudinal aperture". It is not clear whether the aperture is located along the side of the food, or on the end of the food.
- 9. Claim 21 recites "encasing as a core element". It is not clear what the "core element" is.
- 10. Claim 21 recites a "longitudinal aperture". It is not clear whether the aperture is located along the side of the food, or on the end of the food.

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

11. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 12. Claims 1, 10, 13, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lovell [Pat. No. 3,615,692].

Lovell teaches a food comprising a first elongate muscle mass (Figure 2, #5), a slit-like aperture (Figure 4, #35), and a second elongate muscle mass which inherently provided means to determine the boundary (Figure 4, #40; column 2, line 31).

13. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bemis [Pat. No. 1,807,189].

Bemis teaches a stuffed food comprising a first elongate food (Figure 1, #1), a slit-like opening (Figure 1), meat stuffing (Figure 1, #3), and the meat being wrapped within a lettuce sheath (Figure 1, #2).

14. Claims 13 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Holbrook [Pat. No. 6,599,545].

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Holbrook teaches a food comprising a first elongate muscle mass (Figure 1, #14; column 3, line 14), an aperture (Figure 2, #26), and a second elongate muscle mass which inherently provided means to determine the boundary (Figure 9, #18; column 3, line 14).

15. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Haig [Pat. No. 6,582,741].

Hiag teaches a food comprising a first elongate food mass in the form of a pork loin (Figure 1, #25; column 2, line 20), a slit-like aperture (Figure 6), and a second elongate muscle mass which inherently provided means to determine the boundary (Figure 1, #23).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 17. Claims 1, 10, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haig in view of Holbrook.

Haig teaches a food comprising a first elongate food mass in the form of a pork loin (Figure 1, #25; column 2, line 20), a slit-like aperture (Figure 6), and a second elongate muscle mass which inherently provided means to determine the boundary (Figure 1, #23). Hiag does not teach the second food being meat. Holbrook teaches a food

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comprising a first elongate muscle mass (Figure 1, #14; column 3, line 14), an aperture (Figure 2, #26), and a second elongate muscle mass which inherently provided means to determine the boundary (Figure 9, #18; column 3, line 14). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the meat filling of Holbrook into the invention of Haig since both are directed to meat products, since Hiag already included a food stuffing (Figure 1, #23), and since Holbrook teaches that meats were commonly stuffed with other meats (column 3, lines 10-21).

18. Claims 2-3, 11, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haig, in view of Holbrook, as applied above, and further in view of Bemis.

Haig and Holbrook teach the above mentioned components. Haig and Holbrook do not teach vegetable sheet around the second food. Bemis teaches a stuffed food comprising a first elongate food (Figure 1, #1), a slit-like opening (Figure 1), meat stuffing (Figure 1, #3), and the meat being wrapped within a lettuce sheath (Figure 1, #2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the lettuce covering of Bemis into the invention of Haig, in view of Holbrook, since all are directed to food products, since Haig already included first and second foods (Figure 1, #23 & 25), and since the lettuce covering of Bemis would have provided a convenient means for inserting the second food of Haig.

19. Claims 4-8, 12, and 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haig, in view of Holbrook and Bemis, as applied above, and further in view of Applicant's Admitted Prior Art [pages 1-3 of the specification].

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Haig, Bemis, and Holbrook teach the above mentioned components. Haig, Bemis, and Holbrook do not recite top loin, tenderloin, rib sections, longissimus dorsi, or psoas major. Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA) teaches that commonly used cuts of meat included top loin, tenderloin, rib sections, longissimus dorsi, or psoas major (pages 1-3 of the specification). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the above listed meats in the invention of Haig, in view of Holbrook and Bemis, since all are directed to food products, since Haig already include the use of pork loin (column 2, line 20), since Holbrook already included the use of meat for both the first and second foods (column 3, lines 10-21), and since these meats were all commonly used in the culinary arts.

20. Claims 9 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haig, in view of Holbrook and Bemis, as applied above, and further in view of Giuliano Bugialli's Techniques of Italian Cooking.

Haig, Bemis, and Holbrook teach the above mentioned components. Haig, Bemis, and Holbrook do not recite slicing into steaks. Giuliano Bugialli's Techniques of Italian Cooking teaches slicing a roast into steaks (page 287). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the steak slicing of Bugialli into the invention of Haig since both are directed to food products, since Haig already included a pork loin roast (column 2, line 20), and since roasts were commonly sliced into steaks as shown by Bugialli (page 287).

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21. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Waters [Pat. No. 1,381,526], Zolezzi et al [Pat. No. 3,031,310], and Anderson [Pat. No. 3,909,881] teach stuffed food products.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Drew E Becker whose telephone number is 571-272-1396. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Thur. 8am-5pm and every other Fri. 8am-4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Milton Cano can be reached on 571-272-1398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-0987.

Drew E Becker Primary Examiner

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